

# Class II MOD Amalgam Restoration #T

## DENTAL THERAPY EXAM

### CRITICAL ERRORS

The restoration is fractured	No	Yes
Procedure not challenged	No	Yes

ACC = Adheres to Criteria    SUB = Marginally Substandard    DEF = Critical Deficiency

Margin Excess	
ACC	A marginal excess may be detectable either visually or with the tine of an explorer at the restoration-tooth interface but is $\leq 1.0$ mm.
SUB	A marginal excess may be detectable either visually or with the tine of an explorer at the restoration-tooth interface and is $> 1.0$ mm but $\leq 2.0$ mm.
DEF	There is evidence of marginal excess $> 2.0$ mm.
Margin Deficiency	
ACC	A marginal deficiency may be detectable either visually or with the tine of an explorer at the restoration-tooth interface but is $\leq 0.5$ mm.
SUB	A marginal deficiency may be detectable either visually or with the tine of an explorer at the restoration-tooth interface and is $> 0.5$ mm but $\leq 1.0$ mm.
DEF	There is evidence of a marginal deficiency $> 1.0$ mm.
Gingival Overhang	
ACC	There is no gingival overhang.
SUB	There is a slight gingival overhang, but it does not adversely affect the gingiva.
DEF	There is a gingival overhang that will adversely affect the gingiva.
Surface Finish	
ACC	The surface of the restoration is slightly grainy and free of pits and voids.
SUB	The surface of the restoration may be slightly grainy or rough, but it is free from significant pits and voids.
DEF	The surface of the restoration is rough and exhibits significant pits and voids.
Adjacent Tooth Damage	
ACC	There is no evidence of removal or modification or recontouring of the tooth structure adjacent to the restoration (enameloplasty).
SUB	There is evidence of removal, modification, or recontouring of tooth structure adjacent to the restoration (enameloplasty).
DEF	There is gross enameloplasty.
Interproximal Contact	
ACC	The interproximal contact is visually closed, and the contact is adequate in size, shape or position, but may demonstrate little resistance to waxed dental floss.
SUB	The interproximal contact is visually closed, but the contact is deficient in size, shape, or position and demonstrates little resistance to waxed dental floss, or shreds the floss.
DEF	The interproximal contact is visually open; or, it will not allow waxed floss to pass through the contact area.

Class II MOD Amalgam Tooth #T (CONTINUED)

Anatomy and Contour	
ACC	The restoration reproduces the normal occlusal anatomy, proximal contours, and marginal ridge anatomy.
SUB	The restoration does not reproduce the normal occlusal anatomy, proximal contours, or marginal ridge anatomy and will not be expected to adversely affect the tissue health.
DEF	The restoration does not reproduce the normal occlusal anatomy, proximal contours, or marginal ridge anatomy and is expected to adversely affect the tissue health.
Occlusion	
ACC	The restoration, when checked with articulating paper, shows contacts consistent with those of other teeth in the arch.
SUB	A. When checked with articulating paper, the restoration is in hyperocclusion inconsistent in size, shape, and intensity with the occlusal contacts on surrounding teeth. B. The restoration requires adjustment.
DEF	There is gross hyperocclusion such that the restoration is the only point of occlusion in that quadrant.